WHEELING. WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23, 1878.

VOLUME XXVI-NUMBER 130.

hall, and finding the proceedings of a quiet and legitimate character forbore to interfere, and the convention completed its business of the evening and adjourned without disturbance, after affecting an organization, until Wednesday evening. The committee appointed to obtain a writ of mandamus commanding the Mayor to show cause why the convention should not be permitted to hold its sessions undisturbed, said there was evidence of a disposition to discountenance the violent and incendiary course of Kearney & Co., sgitators, and conduct the labor agitation in a peaceful and lawful manner. Some men known to be in opposition to Kearney were prominent in the proceedings, and in conversation with some of the members after the adjournment it was freely stated that they preferred that Kearney should remain in jail, as he did the party more harm than good. A bill has been drawn up for introduction into the Legislature providing for inquiry into the causes of the present excitement, and fixing the responsibility therefor where it may be found to properly belong.

Judicial Trial.

Annapolis, January 22.—The trial of Judge George Yellott, Associate Judge of the 5th Judicial District, indicted for drunkenness while on the bench, took place to-day. The prosecution failed to sustain the indictment and the defendant was econdition.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

Senator Voorhees and Representatives Ewing, of Ohio, and Blackburn, of Ky., are in Annapolis to-night, and will ad-dress the members of the Legislature, the

dress the members of the Legalature, the use of the hall of the House of Delegates having been tendered them, on the silver and resumption question, which comes up on Thursday as the special order in the House on the report of the Committee on Federal Relations instructing the Maryland delegation in Congress to oppose the Bland silver bill and the repeal of the resumption act.

River News.

River 10 feet 6 inches, and rising. Weather rainy and growing cooler. Business only moderate.

The short line packets Phaeton, Reese and Oells made their usual trips.

The Courier departed for Parkersburg. The stemmer Express arrived yesterday morning and laid up for repairs.

The Emma Graham, from Uncinnati, passed up at 10 A, M. for Pittsburgh with a fair trip.

The Sait Valley, for Ironton, passed down early in the morning.

rip. The Carrie Brooks passed down last

The Granite State is due up to-day,

bout noon. The Ragon is to-day's packet for Par-

ersburg at 101 A. M.
The towboat Harrison went down to

The towboat Harrison went down to
Parkersburg yesterday morning with
fifteen barges, eight loaded with coal and
seven empty. She will load the latter
with ties and lumber.
The Monitor left Monday night with
several barges of lumber for East Liverpool, and will take up two barges of pig
metal from Stony Hollow Furnace to
Pittsburgh.

[By Telegraph.]

DEATH OF A NOTED ONIO PHYSICIAN.—
Prof. Samuel D. Turey, of Circleville, O., died yesterday morning. Dr. T. was Surgeon of one of the Ohio regiments during geon of one of the Ohio regiments during geon of one of the Ohio regiments during geon of the Ohio regiments during the same manner as a deed, and is not itself the same manner. The same manner as a deed, and is not itself the same manner. The same manner as a deed, and is not itself the same manner as a deed, and is not itself the same manner.

geon of one of the Ohio regiments during the war, and later Professor of Diseases of Women and Children at Starling Medical College, Columbus, O., and an eminent man in the medical profession.

We are indebted to Mr. John Dickey, of the Lindeley Institute, for a copy of the "Washington-Jefferson," a literary periodical issued by the students of the institution bearing this name at Washington, Pa. It is a very creditably gotten up periodical, and will no doubt find its way to the favor and patronage of the College.

Said Mr. Atkinson:

Your sasessor as deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man owning one same that output property. For instance, he says, a man of he lodge, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of the same hance: as a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man of holding the title-deed in Boston, cannot be assessed in that city; but another not have a control of the capital stock in a corporation owning precisely similar and holding the title-deed in Boston, cannot have a deal holding the title-deed in Boston, cannot have a deed, and is not itself property. For instance, he says, a man holding the title-deed in Boston, cannot have a deal cotton factory in Maine and holding the title-deed in Boston, cannot have a deal cotton factory in Maine, may be taken t way to the favor and patronage of the Alumni and other[friends of the College. Said Mr. Atkinson:

Your sasessor applies torture; he dooms bim to your sasessor applies torture; he dooms bim to you saw of money larger and larger each year, until, as one assessor rightly termed of the factories of the doomstand, diecloses that he owns \$100,000 in a Maine corporation. • ° ° The sasessor next fines him for owning such property, and, on the average, the fine would be \$1,250. Then if he, having no property under the dominion of Massachusetts, refuses to or cannot draw on hie open't runtees for the amount of the fine, you can be the fine you can be suffered by the down him for the crime of owning property in another your property by deed. Do they apply torture or down him for the crime of owning property in another \$1 \text{ster} \cdot \text{Oh} no. He shows his deed, and they at once any to him, "Your real estate is not under our jurisdiction, we cannot tax you; not even on income if you earned no income that year."

The argument is a highly condensed

The King Statue.

dresses yesterday on the presentation of the statue of William King, contributed by the State of Maine to the National narks from both the Massac usetts Senators, particularly Mr. Hoar, between whom and Mr. Blaine a rather bitter con troversy sprang up. Mr. Blaine was no very complimentary to the patriotism of

The Consolation of Hard Time

The Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday has an article on "the bright side of hard ring fat some length to the great crisis through which the country has passed and isstill passing, it goes on to make the folowing remarks: "As the atmosphere is The words in many ment to the present statute. If the principle involved in this amendment is to be ingrafted upon the statutes of this State, it should be stated in terms so explicit as to avoid confusion and resulting litigation. Respectfully yours,

GEO. H. Andrews. always purer and clearer after every we are now passing. In every city nen thoughtful, the chastening effec of adversity is being felt. One good re sult must be that less respect will be paid to mere wealth and outward display while honest labor and exertion will be rewarded with their proper meed of praise and consideration. The habits of thrift and economy, too, enforced by nar in checking that frightful waste which has so long characterized our American

who knows all about figures that the sor would receive \$5,142 85 5.7, and the dox may be proved a literal fact as rebe hoped that the day is far distant when any in this beautiful country should long want for bread, it is undeniably true that the want of comforts and even necessaries OUR MOUNDSVILLE LETTER people need to teach them the beneficial grasshopper in the fable. Too great s lessness of personal and household ex

A Question of Taxation.

Of late there has been stirred up in on midst a new phase of interest in the question of taxation, viz: the status of parties the various manufacturing industries or rious concerns at Martin's Ferry and the status of these stockholders as reinterests are taxed where they are situr ted by the State, county and municipali ties, and to all these they pay tribute ou of the treasury of each concern. Under our law they are again taxed on this side of the river. The certificates of stock are personal property, and as such taxa ble in the hands of the holder regardless of the fact that the property itself has paid tax on the other complained of as embodying the principle ed why not tax a man's farm twice after and again on this side?

A curious phase of the question is presented by the fact that if the property on the other side is held in partnership and not under an act of incorporation as stock, it is not taxable on this side. Thus is seen the difference between owning the same property as partners and as stock-

This phase of taxation is not peculiar to our West Virginia laws, but obtains in Ohio and several other States. It was discussed not long ago by a correspondas there is at this time considerable local the communication to the World, as fol-

THERE is another aged bridegroom

Nathan Goff, of Clarksburg—whose
marriage has caused nearly as great sensation in West Virginia as the LordHicks affair in New York. He is eightyfive, five years older than Thomas Lord,
and the bride, nee Miss Horner, is a fine,
stylish, handsome woman of forty. Mr.
Goff is a millionaire, but no one dreams
of calling him insane, nor have the newly wedded pair found it necessary to go
into hiding.—Philadelphia Record. The right to tax the stocks of foreign corporations, or corporations organized under the laws of other States, is one which had been exercised here (New York) until 1875. The courts have decided that such assessments were illegal, and the result has been to strike many millions of such property from the rolls. The question reached the courts here in the case of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, where it was decided that the company could not be taxed upon the stock it owned in a corporation in California, and in the case of Trowbridge, administrator, the question arose on the stocks of various railroad and coal companies. In this case the Court held that 'the stock certificates are not themselves the property, The right to tax the stocks of foreign ficates are not themselves the property, but are evidences of the rights to be pos-sessed, enjoyed and enforced under and in conformity with the laws of the State

which created the body corporate," The general ground was that the property was not "within this State." Springs rower, within this State."

New York, January 22.—A Toront dispatch says that Courtney, the Unio The law of Massachusetts, however, Springs rower, will meet Harlan in provides for taxing "shares of all locormatch race in the fall, and Hanlan will porated companies " " wherever challenge Morris in a day or two for the located, chartered by or organized under championship of the United States and the laws of any State or nation other than one thousand dollars or upwards.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

GENERAL NEWS. Terrors of the Turkish Struggle

Burned Viliages and Slaughtered

Turks Defeated with Great Loss of

Men and Material. Mr. Ewing Calls for a Coin Statement.

The New York Legislature on the Resumption Question.

Exciting Discussion in Congress.

CONGRESSIONAL,

WASHINGTON, January 22. The argument is a highly condensed and forcible statement of facts, and of de-cisions in courts of the United States A number of petitions from New York State were presented and referred, favor-ing the remonetization of silver and the which bear adversely upon the Massa the has been introduced into the senate of this State a bill, which has been repeal of the specie resumption act.

Mr. Morrill, from the Committee on
Finance, reported with an amendment in
the nature of a substitute the bill to remit taxes on insolvent savings banks

A number of bills were introduced and

The report of the joint select commit-tee on Chinese immigration was refer-red to the Committee on Foreign Rela-

taxation, &c.

CLARKSBURG LETTER.

daughter; the daughter to receive on third more than the son's dividend. Ho

We are authorized to say by a frien

daughter \$6,857 14 2-7. In other words, the son would receive three-sevenths and

A revival meeting is in progress at the M. E. Church. As yet there have been but two conversions, but a number of penitents are at the altar and the

place Saturday afternoon and evening.

There has been one death from scarle fever since I has wrote, but the disease

Work is progressing rapidly on the ne

bench, with Esquires Purdy and Nixor Our military company have ordere their new uniforms.

Strike of Chicago Tailors.

CHICAGO, January 21 .- About fiv

andred tailors, coat, vest and pants-ma-

kers, of this city, belonging to the or-ganization known as the Tailors' Union, quit work this morning. The demands of the tailors are for an increase of from

25 to 40 per cent on the wages they are now receiving. The representation made is that the prices for making clothing in

time after time till figures had been reached at which the tailor found it impossible to sew. They accordingly demanded \$3 50 for making a fine frock

demanded \$3 50 for making a fine frock coat, or \$1 more than the old price; fifty five cents instead of forty five cents for fine vests, and proportionate increases all round. The situation, as stated by one of the merchants, was this: Most of the wholesale stores have large stocks left over on account of the weather. There being but a very limited demand for goods, the price of the manufacture of the same had to be cut down, in order that there might be anything at all done in the line of clothing.

New York, January 22.—William H. Vanderbilt appeared at the Coroner's house this morning and was placed under \$2,000 bonds to appear at the inquest in the case of Matthew Reilly, who died of injuries received by being run over in November by Mr. Vanderbilt.

Rowing Match.

MOUNDSVILLE, January 22.

uch does each child receive?"

CLARKSBURG, January 21, 1871.

Mr. Howe presented a memorial of the Milwaukee Chamber of Consuerce in favor of an appropriation to complete the break water at the entrance to the harbor of Surgeon Bay. Referred:

Mr. Dorsey presented the petition of citizens of Hot Springs, Arkanas, in favor of an amendment to the act in relation to the Hot Springs reservation, to enable those occupying property there to purchase the same. Referred.

Mr. Withers presented a petition representing 6,000 depositors in the Richmoud branch of the Freedmens' Sawings Bank asking Congress to reimburse their losses incurred in that institution. Referred.

Mr. Maxey, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported with amendment House bill for the payment to officers and soldiers of the Mexican war the three months extra pay provided for by

Editors Intelligencer:
You will oblige me and others by pub-lishing the following problem that has been discussed on the street here to-day "A man leaves \$12,000 to his son and Please let us know your solution either y mail or through your next publication.

Yours, &c.,
W. A. NORTHCOTT.

The following bills were introduced

By Mr. Harris: To provide for the ap

and referred:

Ily Mr. Harris: To provide for the appointment of a District Judge for the Western District of Tennessee.

Ily Mr. Butler: To repeal see, 3,412 of the revised statutes of the United States, the same being see, 122 of the National Bank act, imposing a tax of 10 per cent on the circulation of State banks.

The Vice President laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War in regard to reimbursing the State of Texas for expenses incurred by said State in repelling invasions by the Indians and Mexicans. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Conkling, it was ordered that the papers woo file in the Senate relating to the case of Major Runkle be taken from the file and reterred to the Committee on Judiciary.

At the expiration of the morning hour the statue of Wm. King, contributed by Maine to the mational statuary, was accepted, and Messra. Hamilia and Blaine made addresses.

HOUSE.

Mr. Clymer, occupied the chair in the

The West Virginia Agricultural Works to-day elected the following officers: President, S. R. Hanen; Secretary, H. W. Rook; Treasurer, J. C. Roberts. Directors—E. C. Thomas, J. C. Roberts, John Nixon, Wm. Lutes, Joseph Harris, David Roberts, S. R. Hanen, H. W. Rook and John Jellerson. The works are now in operation repairing old machines, &c., and early in the spring will resume active operations. Our County Court is still in session. session.

The case of Ferguson vs. the Union Coal Company, which occupied the attention of the Court nearly all last week was decided to day in favor of the defend-

Cleveland & Pittaburgh Railroad and in the Central Ohio road, What is the Central Ohio road, for the withdrawal of distilled apirits from bond until after the time the committee should decide whether the tax should be reduced. It forecasted, how-

Mr. Hale making a point of order the

Mr. Hale, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the fortification appropriation bill. Referred.

Mr. Ewing, from the Committee on Banking and Currency, reported a resolution instructing that committee to ascertain the amount of gold and silver coin and bullion owned by the United States, the amount of bonds which have been sold by the Secretary of the Treasury for coin, hank notes and legal tenders held by the banking institutions, and such other facts as will tend to inform the House when and by what method it will be practicable and construction.

be practicable and consistent with the public welfare to resume specie payments. Adopted.
Mr. Willis, of New York, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill authorizing Rear Admiral John J. Almy to receive a decoration from the King of the Hawasian Islands. Passed; yeas 146, nays 101. Also a bill to equip the expedition to the Arcticseas. Recommitted.

to equip the expedition to the Arcticesas. Recommitted.

Mr. Monroe, from the Committee on Foreign Aflairs, reported a bill authorizing Spencer F. Baird, Assistant Secretary of the Smithsonian Institute, to recieve from the King of Sweden a diploma constituting him a member of the Norwegian order of Saint Olof. Passed.

On motion of Mr. Garfield, the joint resolution appointing Noah Porter, of Connecticut, to fill the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institute caused by the resignation of J. D. Dana, was taken up and passed.

The House then took up the bill to amend the existing laws concerning com-

amend the existing laws concerning com-nerce and navigation and the regulation Mr. Regan, who reported the bill fre he Committee on Commerce, stated that t was substantially the same bill as assed the House in the last session of

Congress.
After disposing of thirteen pages of a printed bill which consists of twenty-six nages, the bill was laid aside, and the Senate joint resolution accepting from the State of Maine the statue of William than the state of the control of the state of the control of the state of the control of the co Senate joint resolution accepting from the State of Maine the statue of William King to be placed in the old Hall of the House of Representatives, was taken up for action. After several speeches, the joint resolution was passed, and the House adjourned.

HAVANA, January 22.—The steamer Blake is ashore at Bahia Honda in a dangerous situation.

WASHINGTON.

Committee Reports.

Washington, January 22.—The Committee of Ways and Means agreed to report favorably on the joint resolution extending the time for the withdrawal of datilled spirits now in bond, to July 1st. 1878.

1878.

The House Committee on Appropriations had finished the fortification bill. It does not differ materially from the bill passed last year, and appropriates about the same amount—\$275,000.

A COMPREHENSIVE INQUIRY.

The House Committee on Banking and Currency to-day authorized Mr. Ewing to offer the following resolution: Resolved, That the Committee on Bank-Reofeel, That the Committee on Banking and Currency be instructed to ascertain and repert for the information of the House as soon as practicable, the amount of gold and silver coin and bullion now held and owned by the United States; the amount of coin obligations of the Government now due, or which will fall due prior to the lat of January, 1879, or which have been called for payment prior to said date; the amount of bonds which have been sold by the Secretary of the Treasury for coin, but which are not yet paid for, and the date when such coin is payable, the amount of gold and silver now held by the United States, and the movement of such metals to and from this country, now accruing, from this country, now accruing, or which may be reasonably anticipated in the present condition of our foreign department of expenditures and trade; the amount of loans and deposits of banking intsitutions in the United States banking intaltutions in the United States and the amount of currency, whether in coin, bank notes or legal tenders, now or recently held by them, so far as such information may be readily ascertained from official reports or otherwise, and such other facts as in its judgment will tend to inform the House of Representatives, when and by what method it will probably be practicable and consistent with the public welfare to resume specie payment or to establish an equality of value between paper and coin. The resolution further provides that for the purposes of such inquiry the committee shall have the power to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, take testimony, and have leave to report by bill or otherpapers, to administer oaths, take testimony and have leave to report by bill or other

TAXES ON INSOLVENT SAVINGS BANKS.

The Senate Finance Committee agree o recommend the passage, with sundry mendments, of the bill introduced by Senator Davis, of Illinois, to remit the taxes on insolvent savings banks. REQUIEM MASS FOR VICTOR EMMANUEL

HI QUIEM MASS FOR VICTOR EMMANUEL.

The crowd was so great to-day in the
Church of St. Aloysius, on the occasion
of the celebration of solemn mass of
requiem for the late Victor Emmanuel,
that hundreds were unable to enter. The
sanctuary was heavily draped. On the
catafalque many flowers were tastefully
displayed. Twenty-five pews on either
side of the centre asise were draped. The
front pew on the right was decorated with
the American colors occupied by President Hayes and family. The pews in the
rear were occupied by the members of the rear were occupied by the members of the Cabinet and families, Judges of the Supreme Court and Iamilies, and Senators and Representatives and families, the General of the Army and family, and numerous army and navy officers. The front pew, on the left side, was decorated with Italian colors, and was occupied by Blanc, the Italian Minister, and other members of the legation. In the pews in the rear were the Foreign Legations in the United States and their families. Mozart's grand requiem was sung by the choir of the church, assisted by the various choirs of the Catholic Churches in the city, the Deacon and Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father Ciampi, pastor of the church, Jenkin and Simeon, belong longing to the Order of Jesuits, and the celebrant of the mass was Rev. Father McEvan, with fourteen Acolyte assistants. After the mass the customary prayers and litanies were chanted by the priests and choir, and the solemn service was brought to a close. rear were occupied by the members of the Cabinet and families, Judges of the Su-

NATIONAL BANK DIVIDENDS.

The Compiroller of the Currency declared a dividend in favor of the creditors of the Third National Bank of Chicago of 45 per cent, and of the creditors of the Central National Bank of Chicago 25 per cent, payable as soon as the schedules are received from the receivers and examined. He has also declared a dividend in ined. He has also declared a dividend in favor of the creditors of the following banks: The First National Bank of Delphi, Ind., 25 per cent, making in all 50 per cent, and the First National Bank of Minnesota 20 per cent, making in all

mend the passage of the by Mr. Scales providing for the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Depaat-

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

MILITARY APPAIRS.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-day amended the House bill for the payment of three months' extra pay to the soldiers of the Mexican war, by making it include also the officers, petty officers, seamen and mariners who served in that war. The bill is designed to cover the cases of those persons whose applications for three months' extra pay, granted by the act of 40, were not received or acted upon before the appropriation was covered. priation was covered.
The Treasury Committee took up a

discussed at length Senator Plumb's bil to suppress gambling in the army by means of an additional article of war. means of an auditional article of we meet in the mex meeting, with every indication that i will then be agreed upon for report to the Senate. Senator Burnside's bill to abolish all discriminations as to race or colo the army enlistments, &c., was also

The following is the bill to remit the taxes on insolvent savings banks as amended by the Financial Committee and reported to the Senate:

Be it Enacted, That any tax due or claimed to be due from savings bank which was in existence in June, 1874, and which has claimed to be and has been recovered by the laws of its State and recognized by the laws of its State, and which has made returns as a savings which has made returns as a savings bank to the Bureau of the Internal Rev-enue, and which shall have been ascer-tained by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to be insolvent, then any tax due or claimed to be due by such bank to the United States at the time or during such insolvency shall be abated and annulled, but no tax already naid shall be refunded, nor shall any su tax be abated except in so far as collec-tion thereof would operate to lessen th sum receivable by the depositors in sucl bank.

ORGANIZATION FOR REMONSTIZATION BY

A resolution was adopted last r. M., at a meeting of the members of the House, proposing an organization to procure the remonetization of silver and the repeal of the resumption act was circulated this afternoon in the House of Representa-tives for signatures, and many were ob-tained.

tained.

Mr. Glover, who introduced the investigating resolutions in the House, had yesterday a long interview with the President concerning the attitude of the administration toward the coming investigation. Mr. Glover expresses himself as much plessed with the manner in b. P. Seymour.

American officers on this side of the McGrande, much to the disgust of the McGrande, much to the McGrande, much

not to make party capital, but to purify

The Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, of which Mr. Glover is Chairman, passed the following

Resolved. That the President be and is hereby requested to co-operate with this Committee in its investigations of alleged abuses in the Treasury Department, and to issue an order necessary for that pur-

Dose.

The following correspondence ensued:

Executive Mansion, January 21.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of a resolution adopted by the Committee of the House of Representatives on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, requesting my co-operation with the committee in its investigation of the alleged abuses in said Department. I shall be glad to co-operate heartily with the committee in the proposed investigation, and to that end I will issue such proper directions to all the officers of that or any other Department as may be required to secure prompt and effective assistance in the conduct of the investigation. Touching the suggestion contained in your letter that witnesses who may testify before the committee may be apprehensive of losing their places if they testify truly and fully, you are at liberty to assure all subordinate officers that the fact of their testifying before the committee shall not be used to their prejudice.

Very respectually,

House or Representatives.

House or Representatives.

Com. on Expenditures in Tessury Department.

House of Representatives, Com. on Expenditures in Fragury Departm't, Washington, January 21, 1878.

SIR-It is painful yet true that for rights and liberations of the citizens have been trampled on without redress in those departments of the administration. While organized combinations in every depart-ment have existed in profusion, based on plunder, and have sported with and preyed on the freedom, the fortunes and the happiness of over forty millions of people—while this profuse expenditure of their hard earnings and this habitual violation of their rights has occurred, they have grown poorer and poorer until

of their hard earnings and his insoluted violation of their rights has occurred, they have grown poorer and poorer until this misrule has wrought wide misfortunes and distress. No one man, no one set of men is responsible for this mass of evils or their fruits. The rash extension of the powers of the Government during the late period of civil war and disorder has thrown on the executive heads such great and multifarious responsibilities that it is impractible for the head of any department to know much of which its subordinates do, and the heads of the treasury, heads of bureaus, and even of divisions, in very many cases are necessarily ignorant of the real nature and effects of the acts of their subordinates. Opportunities for irresponsible wrongdoing are hence so large and so many of those who seek to misuse them have for years contrived to get possession of such opportunities, and have long been banded together, with the advantages of official experience and an intimate knowledge of official affairs, to secure themselves secresy and immunity. unspeakable cruel and infamous in the extreme. While its ingenuity is remarkable, it is a fact that men walk the streets of Washington to-day whose families and selves are indanger of hunger and homelessness through the persecution which they have suffered for telling the truth. While many others bear in their minds the knowledge of wrong whereof they are innocent, but which, seeing the fate of those who have been brave, dare not tell. Believing that you are not tell. Believing that you are not responsible, and that you appreciate the necessity for Congressional investigations and an ascertainment of the facts before remedies, legistrative or administrative, can be ap-

reasonation of the facts before remedies, legistrative or administrative, can be applied or even shown. I would call your attention to the resolutions introduced by me in the House of Representatives on the 11th inst, directing the needful investigations which were provided for under the Presidency of Madison but for many years neglected till of late begun, shall go on believing; also that you are desirous to stop, and as far as practicable to redress the outrages whereby honest men and women are prevented from telling the truth about misdeeds by persons connected with the government. I transmit herewith the resolution adopted by the Committee on Expenditures in the

will do much to enable the investiga tions of the House to conform to the high standard of patriotism and impartiality where they should and will earn the es-

teem and gratitude of your countryme J. M. GLOVER,

Chairman of the Committee on Exp in the Treasury Department.

New York Legislature and the Milver Question.

Aleany, N. Y., January 22.—In the Senate to-day when the resolutions denouncing the Bland Silver bill were called up, amendments were offered reciting that the good faith of the Nation is pledged to the redemption of the coin obligations of the government in gold or in silver; that silver with the unlimited legislature, with the unlimited legislature, and equivalent of gold; that any violation of the public faith would be injurious to the public faith would be injurious to the public faith would be injurious to the most of our country; that any debasement of currency unsettles business, disongent of the public faith would be injurious to the gold and silver basis within the time out and that therefore the enactment of any law the Congress of the United States, calculated to prevent the resumption on the gold and silver basis within the time of the gold and silver basis within the gold and silver basis within

alamity.

After the discussion of the subject is The Assembly passed a resolution to inquire into the recent so called coal combination.

Fine and Imprisonment.

READING, PA., January 22.—J. and J. Huntsenger, late President and Cashier of the Miner's Trust Company, Pottsville, have been sentenced each to two years' solitary confinement, to pay a fine of \$500 and to refund to Thomas Keins, the Prosecutor, \$24,000 with costs.

Delivered to American Officers

Sr. Louis, January 22.—The Mexican authorities at Peidras Negras have delivered the murderer, Cordona, to the American officers on this side of the Rio Grande, much to the diagust of the Mexicans, who threaten a rescue.

PHILADELPRIA, January 22,—Third street is agitated over the troubles effecting the houses in the morroon trade. street is agitated over the troubles effecting the houses in the morroot trade. The principal house in the trouble is E. & C. Stokes, importers of hides and akins. Mr. Stokes asys that the firm would decide to-day on what course they would take. The firm attributes their embadrassment to the failure of George W. Hummell & Co., who were unable to meet their obligations and relied on E. & C. Stokes to meet them for them. This firm is indebted to E. & C. Stokes for over \$200,000.

Ane Ioliowing houses are also reported insolvent: John Deemer & Son, \$90,000; Wm. R. Stewart & Co., \$120,000; Hammond & Dwiker, \$30,000; Sarrey, Lyndon & Co., \$16,000; Stewart Allen, \$120,000; Edward Evans & Co., \$80,000; C. Bockings, \$20,000; J. G. Baker Manufacturing Company, of Wilmington, \$190,000. ompany, of Wilmington, \$190,000. E. & C. Stokes & Co. are creditors for

E. & C. Stokes & Co. are creditors for about three-fourths of all the liabilities of the above named firms. They decline to state the amount of their own liabilities, but claim to hold the paper of other morocco firms to the amount of from \$700,000 to \$800,000.

Ellis Stokes states that his firm has been keeping other firms going for years, and were crippling themselves trying to accommodate them. We had, he said, to push them at last, and the result is the failure of our annual business, which will probably amount to \$1,000,000. We shall go out of business, but only temporarily. It is almost an inextricable mass of obligations from one to the other, and I would

It is almost an inextricable mass of obli-gations from one to the other, and I would be willing to go through a bankruptoy court to settle up. George W. Hummel, of Hummel & Co., denies that their failure to pay their notes precipitated trouble. He says the cause of the trouble was the failure of E. & C. of the trouble was the lattire of E. & C. Stokes to take up their notes as accommodation paper. He further says that E. & C. Stokes were partners in his firm, and are therefore liable first as makers and then as endorsers of the paper which went to protest.

and then as endorsers of the paper which went to protest. H. Schenck & Son, patent medicine manufacturers, have suspended, owing to the suspension of John F. Henry, Curren & Co., of New York.

St. Louis, January 22.—J. J. Jones, a wealthy farmer and stock raiser of western Missouri, has made an assignment. Indebtedness \$50,000. Assets one-third that amount. Piatt, of Montecello, Illa, has failed. Liabilities \$80,000. Assets not known.

not known.

NEWARK, N. J., January 22.—Samuel Sarin, a sheep skin dealer, has failed, and offers his creditors 50 per cent. William N. Randall, house furnishing dealer, has failed, owing to endorsing for the bankrupt firm of E. C. Smith & Co. and the failure of the Citizens Insurance Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 22.—The Victoria dispach ateamer California ar-rived from Wrangle and Sitka. The people of Sitka are in fear from want of protection from the government. The Sitka and Hutzinn Indians were at war

onicer at wrange, nas make a ratio of the Mootznoo whisky makers, both Indians and white men. He has discovered and destroyed 21 stills, some whisky and much material for making it.

A Portland dispatch says Henry Payne, who had charge of the infantry pack train during the Nez Perces campaign, arrived there yesterday from Dayton, W. T. He says a runor reached there of an Indian there yesterday from Dayton, W. T. He says a rumor reached there of an Indian outbreak under Chief Moses. A promi-nent hotel keeper informed Payne that several families had been murdered, and the savages were prepared to enter on another campaign. General Howard at once telegraphed to Walla Walla and other points to ascertain the truth of the news.

news.

A telegram was received to the effect that such rumors had been circulated but nothing definite was received. It was generally thought that the rumors were without foundation.

Ohio Legislature.

COLUNDUS, January 22.—In the Senate bills were introduced to punish the obtaining of the signatures to notes by false pretenses and to prevent pollution of the stream containing fish by the refuse from

beanties.

In the House a resolution was adopted calling on the Auditor of the State for information as to why they had not paid the publishers of the newspapers for publishing the proposed amendments to the Constitution in accordance with the law.

Bills were introduced to provide for

Bills were introduced to provide for a emi annual examination of the savings banks and securities by the examiners appointed by the County Auditors to fix the price of legal advertising and to pro-vide that Justices shall not be allowed their fees in criminal cases till the grand ury have found indictments.

A resolution was offered and referred

A resolution was oliered and referred looking to an appropriation to pay the militia for services rendered during the labor trials last year.

A resolution was adopted asking Congress to grant pensions to the surviving soldiers and heirs of the soldiers of the

Mexican News.

City of Mexico, January 22.—The Government has instituted inquiries to ascertain what officers of the Mexican army invited Lieut. Ward, of the United States forces to cross into Mexico.

The Government has determined to op-pose the crossing of the boundary by tiff

Berlin, January 22.—A telegram re-ceived here from Tashkend, dated Janua-ry 19th, says: The Chinese took the City of Kashgar by a coup de sum. The Emir Bey Koll Bey escaped from carnage and fled to the Russian Province of Ferghana, He solicits the Russian support. The whole of Kashgar is now in the power of the Chinese. American troops. The newspapers consider Minister Foster's trip to Washington very signifi-cant, under the present circumstances. An estate called Batas has been robbed

of \$30,000. Col. Abram Dias, who was chief of the body guard of President Leredo de Tejada, has been apprehended as one of the robbers. Temperance on Steamboats. Sr. Louis, January 22.—The Keoku

Northern Packet Company have at shed bars from their steamers between nere and St. Paul and will run their boat in the future on strictly temperance prin ciples. The profits from this source here tofore have been about twelve thousand Lord, sr., who recently married Mrs. Hicks, requiring him to appear before a Commissioner Febuary 2d.

Workingmen's Convention in California, FOREIGN NEWS. California.

San Francisco, January 22.—The workingmen held their convention this evening. The police discovered the place of meeting and made a descent upon it. The Captain in charge, who was vested with discretionary powers, entered the hall, and finding the proceedings of a quiet and legitimate character forbore to

WAR NOTES.

LIONGON, January 22—The dispatches from Vienne say that Russia has taken the fate of Roumania, Servia and Montenegro into her own hands, and none of them will be represented in the negotiations with Turkey. This is causing much ill feelings at Bucharest, while the Servians are bending their energies to occupy, before the cessation of hostilities is ordered, as much as possible of the Territory known as Old Servia, which they intend to claim as their compensation.

les says: General Komoroff's detach ment from Ardanutsck stormed Artvin on the 13th. The Turks lost heavily and

on the 13th. The Turks lost heavily and the Russians slightly.

Another Russian official dispatch from Keasanlik, dated the 20th, says General Strukoff reports that Mustafa Pasha is 20 miles northwest of Adrianople, and that a panic prevailed at Adrianople. The Turkish government and garrison have withdrawn after exploding the powder magazines and ammunition depots. Reports of explosions were heard at Gen. Strukoff's headquarters here, and civil disturbances had broken out, and representatives of five different nationalities had come to Mustafa Pasha to entreat Gen. Strukoff to hasten to Adrianople and restore order.

REPORTED BATTLE.

BEPORTED BATTLE

LONDON, January 22.—A Russian offi-cial dispatch from Keasanlik says Gen. Gourko fought Suleiman Pasha from the 15th to the 18th. The Turks were finally driven into the Rhodapo mountains. Their loss was 4,000 killed and 8,000 pris

tured.
Constantinople, January 22.— An army under Mehemet Ali and Ahmed Eyoub Pasha is concentrated at Kirk Kittissa, 32 miles east and northeast of Adrianople.

SPAIN.

King Altonso's Wedding.

The Scuator from Iowa.

DES MOINES, January 22.—The General 'Assembly reconvened to-day, and during the afternoon both branches took a vote for U. S. Senator. In the Senate the vote was: Allison, 32;-Miller 12. In the House: Allison 67; Miller 23; Yates, S. So the vote stood in the aggregate. Allison, 99; Miller, 35; Gates 3. After the election Senator Ham made a speech complimenting Senator Allison. MADRID, January 22—Elaborate pre arations have been made for the marriparations have been made for the marri-age to-morrow of King Alfonso and the Princess Mercedes. Queen Christina and Francisco De Assisi, the King's father, the special foreign envoys and thousands of visitors have arrived. The Count and of visitors have arrived. The Count and Countess of Paris, the brother-in-law and sister of the Princess Mercedes, have and sister of the Princess Mercedes, have gone to Aranjues to congratulate the Princess. The King received the French, German and English envoys yesterday. The latter delivered an autographic letter from Queen Victoria to the Duchess of Montpensier and a bracelet for the Princess Mercedes. He also brought an Indian scimeter, with scabbard and hilt inlaid with gold and precious stones, as a present to the King from the Prince of Wales.

ages question in the South Stati iron trade has decided that NO CHANGE IN THE SITUATION

says: The Porte claims to have information that the Russians will reach Gallipali by January 26 at least. In diplomatic circles this apprehension is regard

AUSTRALIA: Great Drought in Sidney.

SYDNEY, January 22.—The weather is ntensely hot; a great drought is generally

bacco and cigars ought to be taken a once, as it is one of the most important branches of trade and is for the time be-

A Rio Janeiro letter says much talk has been caused by the confession of a man that he was the real author of the

murder and burning of the family of per-sons in 1852 for which a wealthy planter

sons in 1852 for which a wealthy planter and three of his slaves were executed 1856. The tragedy occurred near Machai, and the murders says that, assisted by some dependents, he forced his way into the house in the dead of night, secured all the inmates, outraged the ill-fated women, and then, driven to desperation as he foresaw the consequences, he deliberately murdered the whole family to destroy their evidence and set the house on fire in the expectation that their death would be considered accidental.

INFANT FOUND.

The remains of a new born child were found yesterday buried in the yard of 41 West 24th street. The mother informed the police that other children of doubtful

paternity had also been buried in th

yard. The police will investigate th

A Washington telegram says that the Attorney General denies the truth of the report that U.S. Grant, jr., had been appointed Assistant District Attorney in New York City. It appears that Secretary Sherman requested that young Grant be given some appointment in the District Attorney's office, but he had not been given the appointment reported, nor had he been sent to San Francisco by the Attorney General's office.

FINANCIAL PIRATES.

A Victory for the Chinese

Mrs. Hicks' Lord in the Role of a

New York, January 22,—Judge Van Brunt this atternoon granted an order of publication and summons in lunacy, pro-ceedings by his children, against Thomas

The Post says there appears to be an

natter to-day.

The Tobacco Tax. NEW YORK, January 22.—The tobacco lealers yesterday resolved that whatever action was to be taken by Congress in the

Pittaburgh, Sony Tonder Pariate to Pittaburgh, Pittaburgh, January 22.—River 9 feet 1 inch and rising. Weather mild and cloudy; light drizziling rain.

MEMPHIS, January 22.—River rose 18 inches, stands at 16 feet 1 inch. Clear.

CAIBO, January 22.—River 23 feet 8 inches and rising. Weather clear.

VICKEBURG, January 22.—River fell 4 inches. Weather clear; mercury 60°.

CINCINNATI, January 22.—River 25 feet and falling. Weather cloudy and cool. Departed—Kate Stockdale, Pittaburgh; Hudson, Wheeling; Mary Elizabeth, Arkansas river; Robert Mitchell, New Orleans. SHREVEPORT, January 22.-Weather

branches of trade and is for the time or ing almost wholly paralyzed, and great pecuniary losses are sustained by every-day's delay. The dealers also asked that if the tax be reduced a provision be made for a draw-back on all tax paid on goods equal to the amount of the reduc-tion. and freezing.

LOUISVILLE, January 22.—Cloudy and cool. River 10 feet 10 inches in the canal.

cool. River 10 feet 10 inches in the canal. Chicaco, January 22.—Late to-night a fire broke out in a row of buildings, chiefly saloons, on Kinzie street, and Nos. 79 and 80 were burned with most of their contents. Total loss \$6,200; insurance \$5,400. Henry Mueller, aged thirteen, went into one of the buildings while it was burning to get his coat, but was caught in the flames and asphyxiated. His body was found soon after.

HARLES E. DWIGHT.

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